The status of the COMPASS experiment



Eva-Maria Kabuß University of Mainz

for

the COMPASS collaboration

- Motivation
- Experiment
- Data taking 2002
- First results
- Plans

CIPANP03, 20.5.2003







E. Kabuß



• photon gluon fusion



asymmetry measures $\Delta G/G$

 $\gamma g \rightarrow q \bar{q}$

• methods

– open charm production

 $\gamma g \rightarrow c \bar{c}$ $\rightarrow D^0 \rightarrow \pi K$ BR: 4%

cleanest channel, but \mathbf{D}^0 reconstruction needed

– high $p_{\rm T}$ hadron pairs

 $\gamma g \rightarrow q \bar{q}$ $\rightarrow 2 \text{ jets or } H^+H^-$

detection of 2 oppositely charged hadrons with high $p_{\rm T}$ and $\Delta \Phi \approx \pi$

COMPASS collaboration



$\begin{array}{c} CO_{\text{mmon}} M_{\text{uon and}} P_{\text{roton}} A_{\text{pparatus}} \\ \\ \text{for S_{\text{tructure and}} S_{\text{pectroscopy}}$} \end{array}$

Bielefeld, Bochum, Bonn, Burdwan und Calcutta, CERN, Dubna, Erlangen, Freiburg, Heidelberg, Helsinki, Lisbon, Mainz, Moscow, München, Nagoya, Protvino, Saclay, Tel Aviv, Torino, Trieste, Warsaw

(27 institutes, > 200 physicists)

MUON BEAM

gluon polarisation polarized quark distributions polarized fragmentation functions transversity (via Collins effect) DVCS

vector meson production

HADRON BEAM Primakoff effect glueballs charmed baryons exotic charm states



Muon beam



Spectrometer

- 2 stages
- detectors:

SciFi, Silicon, MicroMega, GEM, MWPC, drift chambers, straws, drift tubes

• PID: RICH, ECAL, HCAL, μ-filter

Polarized target





- method:
- SMC magnet:

material:

Dynamic Nuclear Polarization solenoid (2.5 T longitudinal) dipole (0.5 T transversal)

- ${}^{3}\text{He}/{}^{4}\text{He}$ dilution refrigerator: 50–300 mK
- target: two 60 cm long cells with opposite polarisation

$^{6}\mathrm{LiD}$

max. polarisation P = +57%dilution factor ~ 0.4







E. Kabuß

CIPANP03

Data Acquisition



Detector Frontends GEM/Silicon Calorimeters RICH LAT/SciFi/μΩ APV25 F1-TDC FIADC GASSIPLEX 250000 channels TCS TCS TCS TCS 160 modules CATCH Si-ADC CATCH CATCH MUX S-Links 32/64 links **ROBs** 8/16 units Spill-Buffer _____Spill-Buffer _____Spill-Buffer Spill-Buffer (4) (4) (4) (4) **Gigabit Ethernet** Central Data 32x32 Switch max. 32 ports Recording EVB/Filter EVB/Filter EVB/Filter EVB/Filter EVB/Filter EVB/Filter Monitor 3/8/16 computers

features

DAQ Computers

- pipelined readout architecture
- data transfer via S-Link
- buffering of bursts (SPS duty cycle $\approx 20\%$)
- network eventbuilding

performance

- total number of channels 250k
- trigger rates 5 50 kHz
- event size $\approx 30 \text{ kB}$
- data rates 0.6 6 GB/SPS spill



(060)

Performance 2002

Run 22385 Event 84939982 (81, 5326) Trigger(s) 0 Nhits 910 Projection 0.0 deg. IL05X1 MA01X3 MA02X3 HM04X1 d HL04X 200 5T04X1 HM05X1 PB05X1 . PB03X1 BOTX146 PB01X1 HIO5X1 d TTYX Paint E PHODE PHODEX A01X DC01X: FI01X1+ VI01 FI15X1 SI01X1 SI02X1 FI02X1 -200 2000 4000

TRAFFIC (version 1.71) event display

detector	coord	efficiency	resolution
scint. fibers	21	94%	$130~\mu{ m m}$ $0.45~{ m ns}$
microMegas	12	95-98%	$\begin{array}{c} 70 \mu { m m} \ 8 { m ns} \end{array}$
drift chambers	24	94–97%	$170~\mu{ m m}$
straw tubes	18	>90%	${\sim}270~\mu{\rm m}$
GEM	40	95-98%	$\begin{array}{c} 50 \ \mu \mathrm{m} \ 12 \ \mathrm{ns} \end{array}$
MWPC	32	97–99%	$600~\mu{ m m}$

CIPANP03

Drift Cathode Micro Mesh Micro Mesh Anode Strip Micro Region Anode Strip Micro Region Micro Mesh Amplification Region Micro Region Micro Mesh Micro Micro Mesh Micro Mesh Micro Mesh Micro Mesh Micro Mesh Micro Mic

Micro-Mesh-Gas-Detektor



- 12 planes
- active area: $40 \,\mathrm{cm} \times 40 \,\mathrm{cm}$
- high flux: 300 kHz/strip
- spatial res. $\sim 70 \mu m$
- time resolution $\sim 8 \text{ ns}$
- dead regions: 5 cm diameter
- efficieny $\sim 96-97\%$

GEM detectors





- 40 planes, 30 cm \times 30 cm, 2-dimensional readout
- 3 GEM foils, capton with 50 μ m Cu
- spatial resolution ~ 50 μ m, time res. ~ 12 ns
- efficiency $\sim 96 97\%$



2002 Data Sample



Statistics

- 2002 initial phase completed
- long. data $3.8 \cdot 10^9$ events (57 Tage)
- trans. data $1.2 \cdot 10^9$ events (19 Tage)

Analysis

- calibration of trackers, alignment done
- RICH calibration in progress
- first analysis pass for 16% of long. data, 66% of trans. data

First analysis results

- Λ and $\overline{\Lambda}$ production
- vector meson production ρ , Φ and J/ψ)
- $\Delta G/G$ from high $p_{\rm T}$ hadron pairs
- flavour decomposition of pPDF
- transversity from Collins asymmetry

Ring Imaging Cherenkov





ÇOMP

- π/K separation up to 50 GeV/c
- $80 \,\mathrm{m^3} \,\mathrm{C_4F_{10}}, \,\mathrm{n}{=}1.00153$
- 116 VUV spherical mirrors (21 m³)
- MWPCs with CsI kathodes, granularity $8{\times}8\,\mathrm{mm^2}$

Online Event Display



E. Kabuß

CIPANP03

RICH efficiency





present result: $\varepsilon \sim 35\%$

Invariant mass spectra





E. Kabuß

Exclusive ρ production





- interference of ρ and $\pi\pi$: Söding parametrisation
- no acceptance correction

Angular distributions



ψ **[rad]**

ψ [rad]

E. Kabuß

1/N·dN/dcos0

ψ [rad]

ÇOMPA

Λ polarisation



- secondary vertex outside target, 1/6 of 2002 statistics
- $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2, \ 0.2 < y < 0.9$
- $dN \sim 0.5(1 + \alpha P_i \cos \Theta_i)$





Extraction from semi-inclusive asymmetries

- $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
- COMPASS d and SMC p data
- K identified in RICH



High p_T hadron pairs



- $\mu, \mu' + 2$ hadrons with $p_{\rm T} > 0.7 \text{ GeV}$
- $0.4 < y < 0.9, x_{\rm F} > 0.1$
- $p_{\mathrm{T},1}^2 + p_{\mathrm{T},2}^2 > 2.5 \ \mathrm{GeV}^2$
- large statistics
- theoretical uncertainties large for $Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$ (resolved photon contribution)
- expectation for $Q^2 > 1$ GeV²: 17k events $\delta \langle \frac{\Delta G}{G} \rangle \sim 0.31$
- all Q^2 : 160k events



Collins asymmetry





- $\bullet \sim 10^6$ DIS events with transverse polarisation
- cuts: $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}^2, \ 0.1 < y < 0.9$ $z^{\text{h}} > 0.25, \ p_{\text{T}}^{\text{h}} > 0.1 \text{ GeV}$





- inital setup fully operational
- 2002 run succesfull
 1.2 fb⁻¹ longitudinal, 0.3 fb⁻¹ transversal
- reconstruction in progress, needs still fine tuning
- 2003/2004 data taking with muon beam
- improvement of RICH1 efficiency (photon detectors, radiator gas)
- pilot hadron run in 2004 for Primakoff effect
- completion of spectrometer for 2005 2010
- prospects for new topics (DVCS, GPD) studied